



## Simple Present

### Use:

- **Συνήθειες / Καθημερινές συνήθειες:** I go to school every day.
- **Γενικές αλήθειες / φυσικά φαινόμενα:** The sun rises in the east.
- **Μόνιμες καταστάσεις / χαρακτηριστικά:** She lives in Athens.
- **Προγράμματα / δρομολόγια:** The train leaves at 6 p.m.

### Structure:

✓ **Affirmative sentence:** Υποκείμενο + Ρήμα (χωρίς to)



Στο τρίτο πρόσωπο ενικού (he, she, it) προσθέτουμε **-s** ή **-es** στο ρήμα

I / You / We / They play I play tennis.

He / She / It plays She plays tennis.

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**Negative sentence:** Υποκείμενο + don't / doesn't + Ρήμα

I / You / We / They don't They don't like pizza.

He / She / It doesn't He doesn't like pizza.

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**Question:** Do / Does + Υποκείμενο + Ρήμα (χωρίς κατάληξη)

Do you speak English?

Does she like music?

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### Spelling:

- play → plays
- watch → watches (όταν το ρήμα τελειώνει σε -ch, -sh, -x, -s, -o → προσθέτουμε -es)
- study → studies (όταν το ρήμα τελειώνει σε σύμφωνο + y → αλλάζει σε -ies)

### Key words and phrases:

- ✓ always (πάντα)
- ✓ usually (συνήθως)
- ✓ often (συχνά)
- ✓ sometimes (μερικές φορές)
- ✓ never (ποτέ)
- ✓ every day / week / month (κάθε μέρα / εβδομάδα / μήνα)
- ✓ on Mondays, at night, etc.



Turn the sentences into **a) negative** and **b) interrogative**.

1. She likes apples.

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2. They play football on Sundays.

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3. He watches TV every night.

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Put the verbs into the correct form of the Simple Present.

1. My brother \_\_\_\_\_ (go) to work by bus.

2. We \_\_\_\_\_ (not have) classes on Saturday.

3. Mary always \_\_\_\_\_ (study) in the afternoon.

4. \_\_\_\_\_ your parents \_\_\_\_\_ (like) Italian food?

5. The cat \_\_\_\_\_ (sleep) on the sofa every day.