**Character Descriptive Adjectives**

1. **Ambitious**  
   *Definition*: Having a strong desire to achieve success or goals.  
   *Example*: She’s very ambitious; she wants to become the CEO of the company.
2. **Generous**  
   *Definition*: Willing to give more of something, such as money, time, or kindness, than is necessary or expected.  
   *Example*: He’s very generous with his time and often helps others without asking for anything in return.
3. **Cautious**  
   *Definition*: Taking care to avoid risks or danger; careful.  
   *Example*: He’s a cautious driver, always checking twice before crossing intersections.
4. **Reliable**  
   *Definition*: Consistently good in quality or performance; able to be trusted.  
   *Example*: She’s very reliable; you can always count on her to get things done.
5. **Optimistic**  
   *Definition*: Expecting the best possible outcome; hopeful.  
   *Example*: Even in tough situations, he remains optimistic and believes things will get better.
6. **Skeptical**  
   *Definition*: Not easily convinced; having doubts or reservations.  
   *Example*: She’s skeptical about new trends until she sees proof that they work.
7. **Sympathetic**  
   *Definition*: Showing understanding or compassion for others’ emotions and feelings.  
   *Example*: He was sympathetic to her concerns and offered a listening ear.
8. **Assertive**  
   *Definition*: Confidently self-assured; able to state one’s needs or opinions firmly and clearly.  
   *Example*: She’s assertive in meetings, making her opinions known without hesitation.
9. **Resourceful**  
   *Definition*: Able to handle difficult situations and find quick and clever ways to overcome obstacles.  
   *Example*: She’s very resourceful, always finding solutions to problems on the spot.
10. **Charismatic**  
    *Definition*: Exhibiting a magnetic charm that inspires others to follow or be drawn to them.  
    *Example*: His charismatic personality makes him a natural leader.
11. **Resilient**  
    *Definition*: Able to recover quickly from difficult situations or setbacks.  
    *Example*: Despite many challenges, she’s resilient and never gives up.
12. **Self-centered**  
    *Definition*: Focused primarily on oneself, often ignoring the needs of others.  
    *Example*: His self-centered attitude sometimes makes him insensitive to others’ needs.
13. **Patient**  
    *Definition*: Able to accept delays or problems without becoming annoyed or anxious.  
    *Example*: She’s incredibly patient with children, never losing her temper.
14. **Impulsive**  
    *Definition*: Acting without thinking through the consequences.  
    *Example*: He’s quite impulsive, often making decisions on the spur of the moment.
15. **Pragmatic**  
    *Definition*: Dealing with problems sensibly and realistically; practical.  
    *Example*: She’s pragmatic, preferring practical solutions over idealistic ones.

**Exercise: Character Trait Matching and Usage**

**Part 1: Match the Adjective with the Scenario**

Read each scenario below and match it with the appropriate adjective from the list above.

1. Emily always looks on the bright side, even when things don’t go as planned. She believes that everything will turn out fine.
2. Jake tends to act without thinking things through. He often buys things he doesn’t need or makes hasty decisions.
3. Maria finds clever ways to solve problems, even when resources are limited. She doesn’t let obstacles stop her from succeeding.
4. Liam likes to give his time and resources to help others, often more than necessary.
5. Sarah isn’t easily convinced and usually questions new ideas until she has enough proof.
6. Daniel has the ability to make others listen to him and naturally inspires people to follow his ideas.

**Part 2: Fill-in-the-Blank Sentences**

Complete each sentence with the most suitable adjective from the list.

1. Alex is very \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_; no matter how difficult a situation gets, he finds a way to stay strong and move forward.
2. Emma is so \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_; she can handle problems practically without letting emotions get in the way.
3. Jane’s \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ nature means that she’s often there for others, offering support whenever needed.
4. Ben tends to be \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and doesn’t like taking risks, so he prefers to think things through before acting.
5. When things go wrong, Melissa always maintains a(n) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ outlook, believing that everything will work out eventually.

**Part 3: Describe Yourself**

Write a paragraph describing your own character, using at least three of the adjectives from the list. Explain how these traits influence your actions in everyday life.