

Abu. 11. $f \uparrow / \mathbb{R}$, $f(x) > 0 \quad \forall x \in \mathbb{R} \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(x)}{f(2x)} = 1.$

i) Aqui $x > 0 \Rightarrow 4x > 3x > 2x$
 Aqui $\uparrow \Rightarrow f(4x) > f(3x) > f(2x)$ o.e.d.

$2x > 3x \Leftrightarrow 2x - 3x > 0 \Leftrightarrow -x > 0 \Leftrightarrow x < 0$ ok.

Tem $2x > 3x > 4x$ $f \downarrow$, $f(2x) > f(3x) > f(4x)$.

ii) Para $x > 0$ $f(x) > 0$ então $f(2x) < f(3x) < f(4x) \Rightarrow f(x) > 0$ então (7)

$$\frac{f(2x)}{f(4x)} < \frac{f(3x)}{f(4x)} < 1$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{f(2x)}{f(4x)} \xrightarrow[\substack{2x=u \\ \text{onde } x \rightarrow 0^+ \\ u \rightarrow 0^+}]{2x=u} \lim_{u \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{f(u)}{f(2u)} = 1$$

Aqui termino a 2ª e 3ª partes
 $\rightarrow \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{f(3x)}{f(4x)} = 1$

Oprimos para $x < 0 \dots$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^-} \frac{f(3x)}{f(4x)} = 1$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(x)}{f(2094x)} = 1$$

$$\text{Aufg. 12] } 2 + f(x) \geq \sqrt{x^2 + 4} \quad (1)$$

$$4f(x) \leq f^2(x) + x^2 \quad (2)$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(x)}{x} = \lambda \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$i) (1) \Rightarrow f(x) \geq \sqrt{x^2 + 4} - 2$$

$$\text{f\"ur } x > 0 \quad \frac{f(x)}{x} \geq \frac{\sqrt{x^2 + 4} - 2}{x}$$

$$\text{N\"u D\"umf "0 p 1 0 + \delta 1 2 2 \alpha \{ n " \Rightarrow}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{f(x)}{x} \geq \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{\sqrt{x^2 + 4} - 2}{x}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{x^2 + 4 - 4}{x \cdot (\sqrt{x^2 + 4} + 2)} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{x}{\sqrt{x^2 + 4} + 2} = 0$$

$$\text{f\"ur } x < 0 \quad \frac{f(x)}{x} \leq \frac{\sqrt{x^2 + 4} - 2}{x}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^-} \frac{f(x)}{x} \leq 0 \Rightarrow \lambda \leq 0$$

(ii)

$$\sqrt{x^2 + 4} - 2 \leq f(x) \leq \frac{f^2(x) + x^2}{4} \quad x \neq 0$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{x^2 + 4} - 2}{x^2} \leq \frac{f(x)}{x^2} \leq \frac{\frac{f^2(x)}{x^2} + \frac{x^2}{x^2}}{4} \quad (3)$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sqrt{x^2 + 4} - 2}{x^2} = \dots \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^2 + 4} + 2} = \frac{1}{4}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{f^2(x)}{x^2} + 1}{4} = \frac{0 + 1}{4} = \frac{1}{4}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{f(x)}{x} \geq 0 \Rightarrow \lambda \geq 0$$

$$\lambda = 0$$

Annahme: $\forall \lim_{x \rightarrow x_0} \frac{A(x)}{B(x)} = l \in \mathbb{R}$ für $\lim_{x \rightarrow x_0} B(x) = 0$

Ö76: $\lim_{x \rightarrow x_0} A(x) = 0$

Öiww $\frac{A(x)}{B(x)} = \Gamma(x)$, $\exists$ iww $\lim_{x \rightarrow x_0} \Gamma(x) = l \in \mathbb{R}$

$$A(x) = B(x) \cdot \Gamma(x).$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow x_0} (B(x) \cdot \Gamma(x)) = \lim_{x \rightarrow x_0} B(x) \cdot \lim_{x \rightarrow x_0} \Gamma(x) = 0 \cdot l = 0$$

It 2 $\lim_{x \rightarrow x_0} A(x) = 0.$