**REPORTED SPEECH**

Ο πλάγιος λόγος (reported speech )χρησιμοποιείται όταν θέλουμε να μεταφέρουμε τα λόγια κάποιου σε τρίτο πρόσωπο. Στον πλάγιο λόγο γίνονται αλλαγές στους χρόνους και σε χρονικές λέξεις και εκφράσεις.

**ΑΛΛΑΓΕΣ ΧΡΟΝΩΝ**

1. Οι PRESENT χρόνοι γίνονται PAST

Present simple – Past simple

Present continuous –Past continuous

Present perfect –Past perfect

2. Οι PAST χρόνοι γίνονται PAST PERFECT

Past simple –Past perfect simple

Past continuous – Past perfect continuous

3. Οι PAST PERFECT παραμένουν PAST PERFECT

4. Στους FUTURE TENSES το will γίνεται would

*“He doesn’t want to follow me,” she said.*

*She said (that) he didn’t want to follow her.*

*“I will call you,” he said.*

*He said that he would call me.*

5. MODALS

Can-could/would be able to (future ability)

Must- had to/must

May-might

**ΑΛΛΑΓΕΣ ΧΡΟΝΙΚΩΝ ΕΚΦΡΑΣΕΩΝ**

Today-that day

Now-then/at that time

Yesterday-the previous day/the day before

Last week- the previous week/the week before

Tomorrow-the following day/the next day/the day after

Ago-before

Here-there

This-that/the

These-those

Come-go

\*”*Come here, “ he said*

*He asked me to go there (ο ομιλητής δε βρίσκεται πλέον στο αναφερόμενο μέρος.)*

BUT: *He needs my help so he asked me to come here. (ο ομιλητής βρίσκεται* στο *αναφερόμενο μέρος.)*

**NOTE**

1. **Οι αντωνυμίες αλλάζουν ανάλογα με το νόημα της πρότασης.**

*Jane: “I will be visiting you soon.”*

*Jane said that she would be visiting me/us soon.*

2. **Οι χρόνοι δεν αλλάζουν όταν**

-το εισαγωγικό ρήμα είναι σε Present tense.

*“It is a beautiful watch”, he says.*

*He says that it is a beautiful watch.*

-σε πρόταση με **past simple/continuous** υπάρχουν οι λέξεις **when/while/as.**

*“When I was young, I worked a lot,” he said.*

*He said that when he was young, he worked a lot.*

-ο ομιλητής εκφράζει **γενική αλήθεια**, κάτι που εξακολουθεί να ισχύει ή είναι γενικά αποδεκτό.

*“The earth is round”, the teacher said.*

*The teacher said that the earth is round.*

*“My father isn’t working at the moment”, he said.*

*He said that his father* isn’t working *at the moment.*

-έχουμε **unreal past** σε 2nd or 3rd type conditional, wishes, would rather, it’s time, etc.

*“If I knew the truth, I would tell you,” he said to her.*

*He told her that if he knew the truth, he would tell her.*

3. **Στον πλάγιο λόγο ΔΕΝ αλλάζουν τα infinitives and gerunds.**

*“I don’t like being given orders’, she said.*

*She said that she didn’t like* being given *orders.*

**REPORTING QUESTIONS**

*“Do you know the answer?’ he said to me.*

*He asked me if/whether I knew the answer.*

*“When did you buy this dress?” she said to her sister.*

*She asked her sister when she had bought that dress.*

To ρήμα μπαίνει σε κατάφαση και γίνονται αλλαγές χρόνων. Όταν έχουμε wh - questions, η ερωτηματική λέξη παραμένει. Όταν έχουμε yes/no questions, προσθέτουμε if/whether.

**REPORTING COMMANDS, REQUESTS AND SUGGESTIONS**

**COMMANDS** (introductory verbs: tell, order, command, instruct, urge.)

FORM: introductory verb + FULL INFINITIVE (to do/not to do)

*“Don’t fire”, the officer told the soldiers.*

*The officer ordered the soldiers not to fire.*

*‘Insert the coin into the slot”, he instructed us.*

*He instructed us to insert the coin in the slot.*

**REQUESTS** (introductory verbs: ask, beg, plead with)

FORM: introductory verb + FULL INFINITIVE (to do/not to do)

*“Please help him!” or “could you help him?” she said to me.*

*She asked me to help him.*

**SUGGESTIONS**

Introductory verbs: suggest, recommend, propose.

FORMS: introductory verb +gerund (doing/not doing)

Introductory verb + (that) sb (should) do sth

“*Let’s go to the park, “he said.*

*He suggested (our) going to the park.*

*“You had better see a doctor”, he said to her.*

*He recommended (that) she (should) see a doctor.*

**SPECIAL INTRODUCTORY VERBS**

Accuse, admit, advise, agree, apologize, boast, claim/state, complain, congratulate, demand, deny, exclaim/remark, explain, forbid, insist, invite, offer, permit/allow, promise, refuse, remind, thank, threaten, urge/encourage, warn, wish.

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