Martin Luther King

the civil rights movement

the largest legislative impacts racial segregation and discrimination

major nonviolent campaigns

new recognition in federal law

the 1963 march on Washington for combating racial inequality through nonviolent resistance

to include opposition towards poverty

riots followed in many U.S. cities

. Nelson Mandela

a South African anti-apartheid

• revolutionary the first elected

• tackling institutionalised racism

• fostering racial reconciliation

• system of racial segregation

• committed themselves to its overthrow

• fears of a racial civil war

• Leading a broad coalition government

• which promulgated a new constitution

• investigate past human rights abuses