INVERSION

• With conditionals

Only with : should, were, had

> SHOULD

EXAMPLES:

✤ If you should see him, invite him. =>

Should you see him, invite him.

 Should you not see her, it does not matter. (APNHΣH)

> WERE, WERE TO EXAMPLES:

✤ If I were you, I would go. =>

Were I you, I would go.

✤ If I were to go, I would buy a present. =>

Were I to go, I would buy a present.

✤ If I were not to find my wallet, I would worry. =>

Were I not to find my wallet, I would worry. (APNHΣH)

► HAD

EXAMPLES:

✤ If you had come, you would have seen him. =>

Had you come, you would have seen him.

- If I had not missed the train, I would have come. =>
 Had I not missed the train, I would have come.
 (APNHΣH)
- If I hadn't known about the tragic ending, I would have seen the film. (I knew about the tragic ending so I didn't see the film) =>

Had I not known about the tragic ending, I would have seen the film.

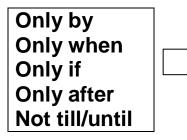
• With clauses of result (so that , such that).

eg So boring was the film that we fell asleep. Such creativity did he show that his teachers advised him to become an artist.

• With:

Seldom eg I seldom see him->Seldom do I see him Rarely Little Scarcely ... when Hardly.... when No sooner ...than Hardly Never Nowhere Never before Not ... only On no occasion On no account In/Under no circumstances

• With the expressions:



If these expressions are placed at the beginning of the sentence for emphasis, they cause the inversion of the main clause.

EXAMPLES:

He came in after the boss had left.=> Only after the boss had left did he come in.

He answered the door only when he had made sure it was his sister => Only when he had made sure it was his sister did he answer the door.

He will forgive you only if you tell him the truth. => Only if you tell him the truth will he forgive you.

• To express agreements: so, neither, nor, as.

eg His friends liked him, as did his acquaintances.

- "I saw George yesterday"
- "So did I"
- "I `ve never been to Italy."
- "Neither /Nor have I"
- Adverbials of place (here, there, down, up, off, back, round, away, over etc).

eg Here comes the bride. There stands the building! Away marched the soldiers!

• After Direct speech if no adverb or indirect object follows the introductory verb.

eg "This is how you should do it" said he. "What a beautiful dress!" exclaimed the woman.

BUT:

This is how you should do it" she explained to me. "Who broke the vase?" she asked <u>angrily</u>.

