

7970/B1



Αγίνας 200 m.

$\Delta x = ?$

- A. 200m
B. 500m
Γ. 0

7991/B1

$v_{\text{αέρος}} = 340 \text{ m/s}$

$S = 1190 \text{ m}$

$\Delta t_{\text{θραύσης}} = ?$



- A. 3sec B. 3.5sec Γ. 4sec

8001/B1

t(s)	v(m/s)	x(m)
5		
10		20
15		

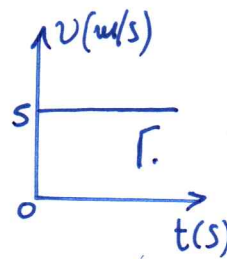
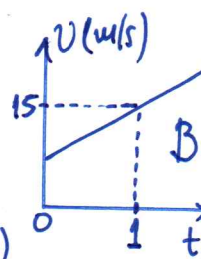
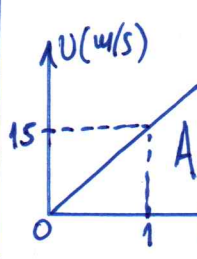
Εοκ

$t_0 = 0$
 $x_0 = 0$

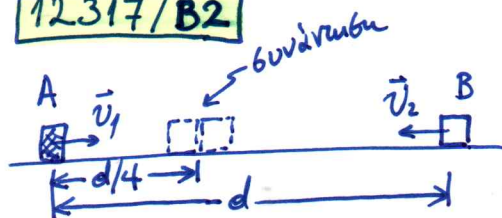
- Σχεδιάζω
- Γραφική $x(t)$
- $\kappa_i \mu = ?$

8035/B2

$x = 10 + 5t$ (S.I.)



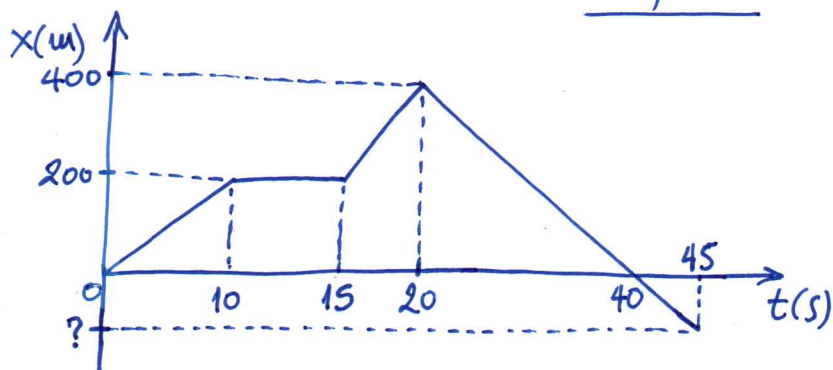
12317/B2



- A. $v_2 = 4 \cdot v_1$ B. $v_2 = 3 \cdot v_1$ Γ. $v_2 = 2v_1$

12354/Δ

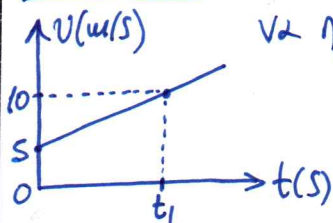
$t=0, x=0$



- Δ1) $v_{\mu} = ?$ (0...20 sec) Δ3) $x = ?$ ($t = 45 \text{ sec}$)
Δ2) $v_{\mu} = ?$ (0...30 sec) Δ4) Σχεδιάζω $v-t$

7971/B1

από το διάγραμμα προκύπτει
vα προδιορίζουμε:



- A. α (των t_1)
B. x (των t_1)
Γ. α ή x (των t_1)

7975/B1

ΕΟΕxκ, $t=0, v=0$

στη χρονική στιγμή $t_1 \rightarrow 10 \text{ m}$
στη χρονική στιγμή $2t_1 \rightarrow \Delta x = ?$

- A. 20m B. 40m Γ. 80m

7977/B2

Από 0... t_1 :



- A. $S_A > S_M$
B. $S_M > S_A$
Γ. $S_M = S_A$

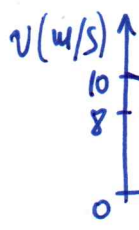
7974/B1

ΕΟΕxκ

vα υπολογίζουμε
ο δίαστημα

t(s)	v(m/s)	S(m)
0	0	0
1	4	
		8
	16	

7980/B1



A. $\Delta x = 36 \text{ m}$

B. $\Delta x = 40 \text{ m}$

Γ. $\Delta x = 32 \text{ m}$

$\alpha = ?$

7982/B2

ΕοExk με v_0

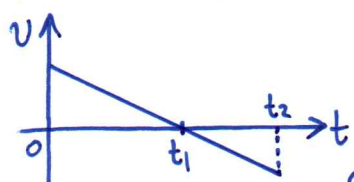
μετά από
χρόνο t , έχω
διανύσει διά-
στημα S .

A. $v^2 = v_0^2 + 2 \cdot \alpha \cdot S$

B. $v^2 = v_0^2 + \alpha \cdot S$

Γ. $v^2 = v_0^2 + 4 \cdot \alpha \cdot S$

7983/B1



A. $0 \dots t_2$: ΕοExk

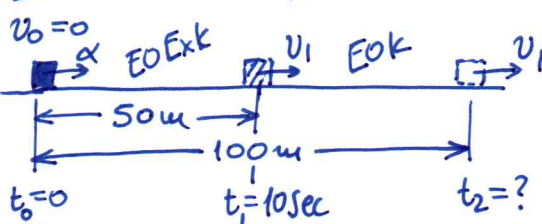
B. $t_1 \dots t_2$: ΕοExk

Γ. $t_1 \dots t_2$: ΕοExk

$x - t$

7985/B2

Προσοχή στην Εκφώνηση!



A. 12 sec

B. 15 sec

Γ. 20 sec

7989/B1

$t_0 = 0, x_0 = 0$
 $x = St + 2t^2$

$v = ?$ when $t = 5 \text{ sec}$

A. 5 m/s B. 25 m/s Γ. 10 m/s

11636/Α

Δροσισμένο $m = 1000 \text{ kg}$, $v_0 = 0$

$\rightarrow \alpha = 2 \text{ m/s}^2$, $\Delta t_1 = 10 \text{ sec}$

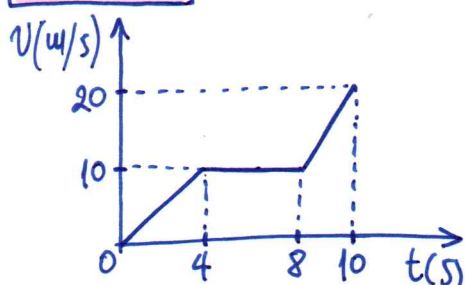
$\rightarrow v = 6 \text{ m/s}$, $\Delta t_2 = 10 \text{ sec}$

$\rightarrow$ (πιεζόμετρο σταμάτησε), $\Delta t_3 = 5 \text{ sec} \dots v = 0$

Δ1) $S_1 = ?$ (Δt_1) Δ3) $v_{\mu} = ?$

Δ2) διαγρ. $v - t$ Δ4) $W_{\Sigma F} = ?$

11643/Α



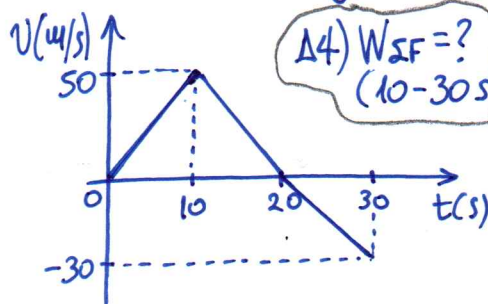
Δ1) $\alpha_1 = ?$ ($0 \dots 4 \text{ sec}$) $\alpha_2 = ?$ ($8 \dots 10 \text{ sec}$) Δ3) $v_{\mu} = ?$ ($0 \dots 10 \text{ s}$)

Δ2) γραφική $\alpha - t$ ($0 \dots 10 \text{ sec}$)

Δ4) $k_1/k_2 = ?$
 $t_1 = 2 \text{ sec}$, $t_2 = 9 \text{ sec}$

11655/Α

$m = 2 \text{ kg}$



Δ4) $W_{\Sigma F} = ?$
(10-30 s)

Δ1) $\alpha = ?$ ($0-10, 10-20, 20-30 \text{ sec}$)

Δ2) γραφική $\alpha - t$ ($0-30 \text{ sec}$)

Δ3) $v_{\mu} = ?$ ($0-30 \text{ sec}$)

11689/Α

$v_{\phi} = 72 \text{ km/h} = 6 \text{ m/s}$
 $\alpha_M = 2 \text{ m/s}^2$, $v_0 = 0$

Δ1) $t_1 = ?$ ($v_{\phi} = v_M$)

Δ2) $t_2 = ?$, $S = ?$ (συνάντησης)

Δ3) διαγράφη $v - t$ (κοινό)

Δ4) $m_M = 500 \text{ kg}$
 $m_{\phi} = 5000 \text{ kg}$ } $t_3 = 5 \text{ sec}$ } $\frac{k_{\phi}}{k_M} = ?$

α $W_{\Sigma F}$ v_{μ} $v_{\phi} = ?$ A. 1 Γ. 4
B. 2

2

7994/B2

8015/B1

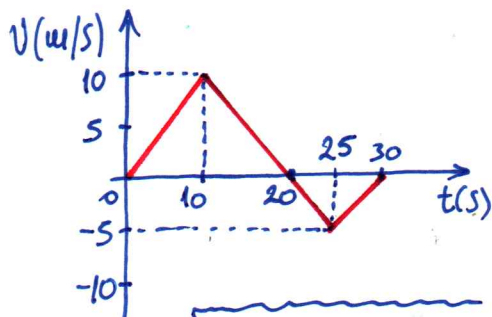
$t=0 \rightarrow x=0$

0...30 sec:

A. $S=\Delta x=125m$

B. $S=30m$ κ' $\Delta x=10m$

Γ. $S=125m$ κ' $\Delta x=75m$



$t=0 \rightarrow x_0=0$

$t=30 \text{ sec} \rightarrow x=?$

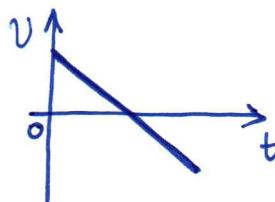
A. 125m B. 100m
Γ. 75m

8010/B1

A. $S:\uparrow$

B. $S:\downarrow$

Γ. $\Delta x:\uparrow$



7990/B1

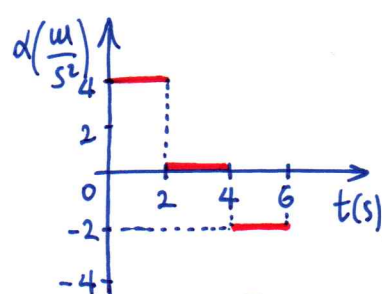
$t_1=6 \text{ sec}$

$v_1=?$

A. +4 m/s

B. +12 m/s

Γ. -4 m/s



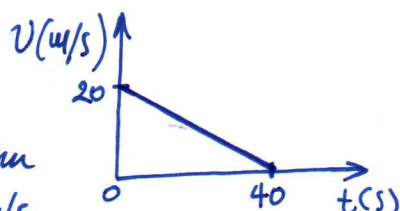
+ $x_0=2m, v_0=4m/s$
→ διαγράψ. : $v-t, x-t$

7998/B2

A. $\alpha=2m/s^2$

B. 0...40 s : $\Delta x=800m$

Γ. 0...40 s : $v_{\mu}=10m/s$



8003/B2

ΕΟΕκ με α κ' v_0

όταν $v=3v_0$ τότε $S=?$

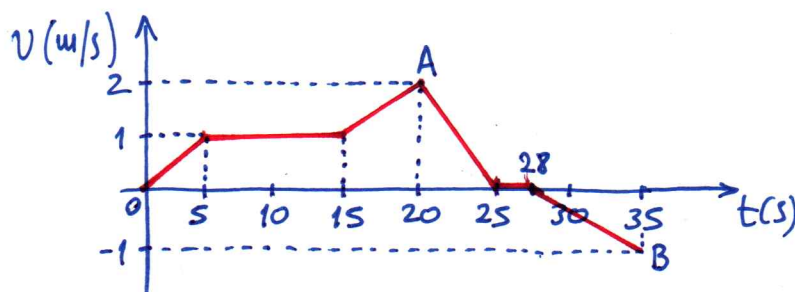
A. $\frac{2v_0^2}{\alpha}$

B. $\frac{4v_0^2}{\alpha}$

Γ. $\frac{v_0^2}{2\alpha}$

12355/Δ

$m=70 \text{ kg}$ / η βίρα 25m



Δ1) $S=0$ ($t=0...20 \text{ s}$)

Δ3) $v_{\mu}=?$ $\Delta x=?$

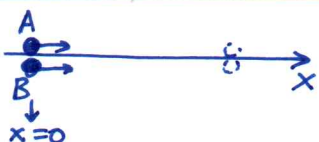
Δ2) διαγράψ. $\alpha-t$ ($t=0...35 \text{ s}$)

($t=0...35 \text{ s}$)

Δ4) $T=28 \text{ N}$ = βιρα (αντίβραση τω νηός)

$W_{\mu\eta\eta\eta}=?$ ($t=0...35 \text{ s}$)

8007/B1



και για τα δύο κινη: $t=0 \rightarrow x_0=0$

$x_A=6t$, $x_B=2t^2 \rightarrow$ τουναντι. =?

A. 2 sec

B. 3 sec

Γ. 15 sec

+ $v_A(t)=?$ $v_B(t)=?$

$v_A=v_B \Rightarrow t=?$

$d_{\mu\alpha x}=?$

8017/B2

ΕΟΕκ με δεικ. κινη: v_1

Av $v=0 \Rightarrow \Delta x_{\mu\eta\eta}=d_1$

ΕΟΕκ με δεικ. κινη: $v_2=2v_1$

Av $v=0 \Rightarrow \Delta x_{\mu\eta\eta}=d_2$

A. $d_2=2d_1$

B. $d_2=3d_1$

Γ. $d_2=4d_1$

8034/B2

ΕΟΕκ χωρις $v_0/t_1 \rightarrow S_1$

$t_2=2t_1 \rightarrow S_2$
A. $S_2=S_1$ B. $S_2=2S_1$ Γ. $S_2=4S_1$

3

8009/B1

δυναμικό κ' ποδύ: $t=0, v_{0A}=v_{0B}=0$

Α $\rightarrow \alpha_A$

$t_1 \rightarrow S_A=4S_B$

Β $\rightarrow \alpha_B$

A. $\alpha_A=2\alpha_B$

B. $\alpha_A=4\alpha_B$

Γ. $\alpha_A=8\alpha_B$

8021/B1

$v_0=0, t_0=0$
 $\alpha=6 \text{ rad/s}^2$

$t_1 \dots t_2: |\alpha| \downarrow$
 $t_2: \alpha=0$

A. $v(t_2) > v(t_1)$

B. $v(t_2)=0$

Γ. $0 \rightarrow t_1: \text{EOExK}$
 $t_1 \rightarrow t_2: \text{EOEBK}$

8024/B2

EOExK / $x_0=0, t_0=0, v_0=0$

$\alpha=4 \text{ m/s}^2$

t(s)	$\alpha(\text{m/s}^2)$	v(m/s)	x(m)
0			
2			
4			
6			

→ Γραφική $\alpha-t$, Εμβα = ? και τι εκφράζει

+ Γραφική $v-t$, Εμβα = ? και τι εκφράζει

Γραφική $x-t$

8028/B2

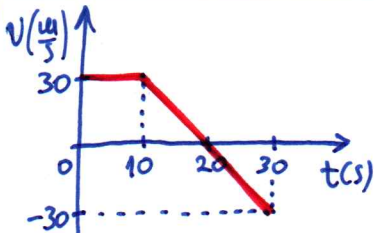
$t=0 \dots 30 \text{ sec}$

$\Delta x = ?$

A. +300m

B. +600m

Γ. -300m



+ Σολ = ? $v_H = ?$
Διαγρ. $\alpha-t$
Διαγρ. $x-t$ ($x_0=0$)

8033/B1

$m=1000 \text{ kg}$

A. $\alpha=4 \text{ m/s}^2=6 \text{ rad/s}^2$

B. $t=2 \text{ sec} \rightarrow v=4 \text{ m/s}$

Γ. $\Sigma F=1000 \text{ N}=6 \text{ rad/s}^2$

t(s)	x(m)
0	0
1	+1
2	+4
3	+9

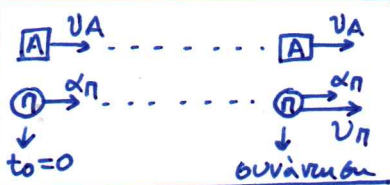
8039/B2

Αυτοκίνητο:

ΕΟΚ

Περηνολικό:

EOExK χωρίς v_0



Τι συμβαίνει με τα οχήματα:

A. $v_H = v_A$

B. $v_H = 2 \cdot v_A$

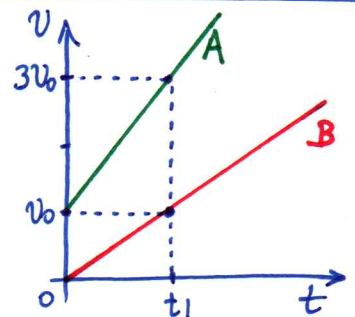
Γ. $v_A = 3 \cdot v_H$

8037/B1

A. $\alpha_B = 2 \alpha_A$

B. $m_A = m_B \rightarrow \Sigma F_A = \Sigma F_B$

Γ. $\Sigma A = 4 \cdot \Sigma B$ ($0-t_1$)



8046/B2

EOEBK / $t=0 \rightarrow v_0$ } (1)
 $t_1 \rightarrow s_1$

EOEBK / $t=0 \rightarrow 2v_0$ } (2)
 $t_2 \rightarrow s_2$

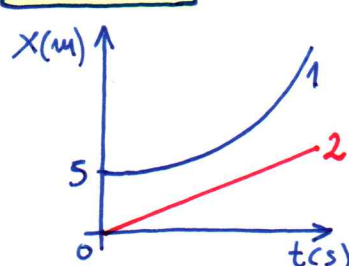
α $\Sigma F_1 = \Sigma F_2$ τότε:

A. $s_2 = 2 \cdot s_1$

B. $t_2 = 2 \cdot t_1$

Γ. $t_1 = 2 \cdot t_2$

8048/B2



Την $t=0 \text{ sec}$ ξεκινάει
το αυτοκίνητο. Έχει το
αυτοκίνητο:

A. 1 Γ. 1 & 2

B. 2

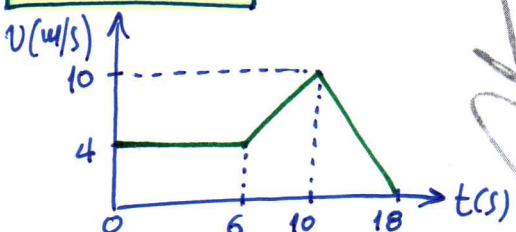
12004/B2

EOEBK / v_0/α

όταν $v=v_0/2$ τότε $s=?$

A. $3v_0^2/4\alpha$ B. $3v_0^2/8\alpha$ Γ. $2v_0^2/3\alpha$

12855/B2



Όταν $\Delta t=?$

A. 0-6s B. 6-10s Γ. 10-18s

4